



Presented By



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Mr. Michael (Mick) Zulpo

Director of Sales and Marketing Apex Instruments Inc.



A little about me:

- I am from Australia, lived in the USA for 10 years
- Joined Apex in September 2013
- Previous employment was the brewing industry





Outline for today's presentation...

- 1. Overview of the Apex Instruments Sorbent Trap Monitoring Systems:
 - A. XC-6000 & STM-12B systems for Continuous sampling
 - B. XC-30B system for Method 30B
- 2. Lessons Learnt
 - A. Technical/Mechanical aspects
 - B. Operational challenges
 - C. Configuration review
 - D. Field repairs & maintenance
 - E. Q & A session





Apex history of manufacturing Sorbent Trap Monitoring Systems:

- Manufacturing STMS components and systems for over 20 years
- Over 350 APEX STMS in operation throughout the United States







Sorbent Trap Monitoring Systems capture the total vapor phase Mercury concentration in flue gas and after analysis provide a measurement in micrograms per dry standard meter. (µg/dscm)





Known volumes of flue gas are extracted from a stack or duct through paired, in-stack sorbent media traps at an appropriate flow rate.

Collection of mercury on the sorbent media in the stack mitigates potential loss of mercury during transport probe / sample line.



PS-12B Overview

What is Sorbent Trap Measurement?

- Simple manual method that makes time-integrated Hg measurements
- Sampling time duration is typically 7 days
- A vacuum pump pulls stack gas through the sorbent trap at a set rate
- The sorbent collects Hg, and dry gas meter measures the sample volume
- Laboratory analyzes traps for the Hg mass collected
- Concentration = mass of mercury collected / volume



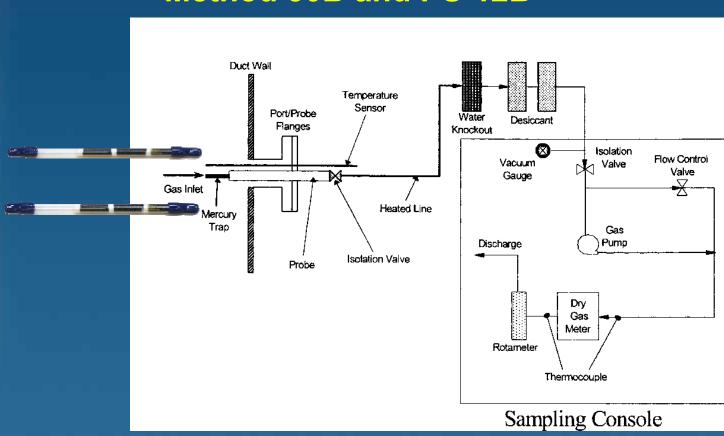
PS-12B Overview

Sampling Apparatus Consists of the following:

- Pair of three section carbon sorbent traps
- Probe, sample pump, heated sample line
- Control Console: Sample moisture removal, Dry gas meters, temperature and pressure sensors, sample duration test data recording.



A sorbent trap system as defined by Method 30B and PS-12B



40CFR, Part 60, Appendix B, page 55044



Key Advantages of Sorbent Trap Monitoring

- Simple to Install, Implement and Operate
 Typically 1 Day to install (1 to 3 Days to Certify RATA)
- Accurate Method NIST Traceable SRM
 Very low detection levels, 1 to 3 ng
- Cost benefit & very reliable compared to Hg CEMs
 Typical STM system around \$50,000
- Sorbent Method has a long history 10+ years
 Applied widely to Coal-Utility Industry and is the EPA Reference Method
- Sample captured directly in stack no Hg transport issues
- Little or no stack or facility engineering costs
- No calibration or carrier gases required



Sorbent Trap Monitoring System

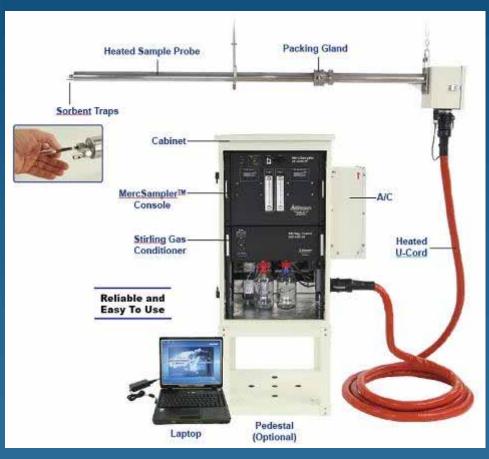
For PS-12B

Simple, Proven Technology





XC-6000 MercSampler™ Sorbent Trap Monitoring System



Includes:

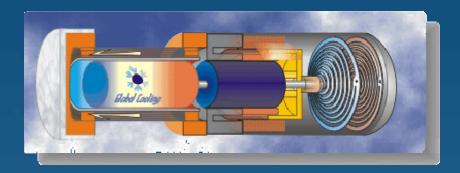
- Probe
- Sample Line
- Chiller
- Control Console
- Laptop/Software
- Simple Proven Technology
- Quick Set-up Time
- Easy to Use
- Low Cost Alternate CEM
- TCP/IP Modus Interface
- Optional Air cooled Probe Flue Gas 320F

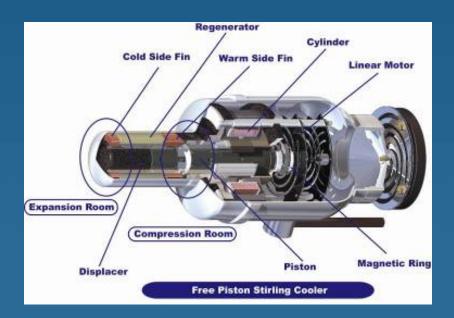


Stirling Cooler Advantage

Free Piston Stirling Cooler (FPSC)

- Two Moving Parts, Piston and Displacer
- Single Cylinder Compressing and Expanding small quantity of He
- All Hermetically Sealed in Stainless Steel Casing
- Capable of Cooling a Sample within minutes







STM-12B MercSampler™ Sorbent Trap Monitoring System

Includes:

- Probe
- Sample Line
- Chiller
- Control Console
- Laptop/Software
- Simple Proven Technology
- Quick Set-up Time
- Easy to Use
- Low Cost Alternate CEM
- TCP/IP Modus Interface
- Optional Air cooled Probe
 Flue Gas 320F



STM-12B MercSampler[™]











Sorbent Trap Monitoring Solutions









Typical 30B Control Console







MATS & Mercury Section 4.1.1.5 states:

- Acceptable Hg reference methods for the RATA include ASTM D6784-02 and Methods 29, 30A, and 30B in appendix A-8 to part 60.
- Perform the RATA of the Hg CEMS at normal load.
- 4.1.1.5.1 Special Considerations. A minimum of nine valid test runs must be performed, directly comparing the CEMS measurements to the reference method. More than nine test runs may be performed. If this option is chosen, the results from a maximum of three test runs may be rejected so long as the total number of test results used to determine the relative accuracy is greater than or equal to nine; however, all data must be reported including the rejected data.
- For 30B the time per run must belong enough to collect a sufficient mass of Hg to analyze.
- RATA must be performed annually (Part 63, subpart UUUUU 5.1.2.4)

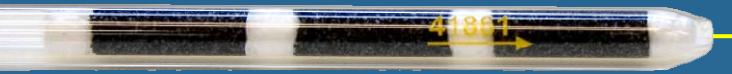




Specifications:

- 1. Mercury "background level less then 0.3 ng per section.
- 2. Sorption capacity up to 2,500,000ng.
- 3. Long term storage stability in provided container.
- 4. Unique numbering with high temperature ink and "chain of custody."
- 5. Easy On/Off "leak check" cap plugs.
- 6. Third section is pre-spiked with elemental Hg at customized level.

Gas outlet



Gas inlet

Primary capture of Hg

Hg Breakthrough,

<5% of Sect. 1

Spiked,

Recovery must be 75% to 125% of Spike





PS-12B OverviewSorbent Trap Analysis:

- Each section analyzed separately
- Total trap mass = Section 1 mass + section 2 mass
- Section 3 spike must be recovered
- Desorption of Hg from sorbent material:
- Wet chemistry, leaching or digestion
- Thermal desorption





Selection of Monitoring Location

Pre-Test Leak Check

≤4% of the target sampling rate @ a vacuum of ~ 15" Hg

Proportional Sampling

- Calculate 'Reference Ratio' of stack flow rate to sample flow rate during the first hour of each test period.
- The sample flow rate must be controlled to be proportional to the stack flow rate.

The ratio of stack flow rate to sample flow rate must be within \pm 25% of the 'Reference Ratio' every hour throughout the monitoring period.





Lessons Learnt

Technical/Mechanical aspects



Sampling









Challenging Sources & Environments















Trap Shield Installation







PS-12B Trap analysis issues

Breakthrough issues

Spike recovery issues

Relative Deviation – Paired Trap Agreement





Another Solution is your sampling Profile

- Whether its high particulate or wet stack conditions – Keep your flow rates low typically 250 to 350 ccm or lower if possible.
- For wet stacks keep your probe temperature hot enough - typically 300 to 350F.
- Use the right trap for your stack conditions Longer traps,

Acid gas scrubber section, particulate filter option





PS-12B Quarterly Audit

DGM Must be Calibrated Quarterly:

- Single point calibration check
- Calibration coefficient (Y) ≤ 5% of average value of Y_{ref} derived from the most recent 3 point calibration.
- Temperature Sensor must be calibrated quarterly
- Barometric Pressure Gauge Must be Calibrated Quarterly





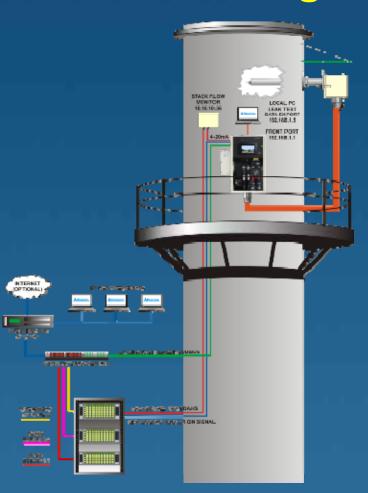
Lessons Learnt

Configuration review



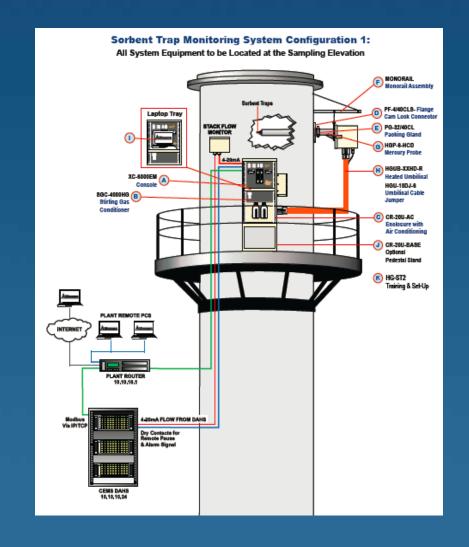


STM-12B Configuration





XC-6000 Configuration 1 (typical)







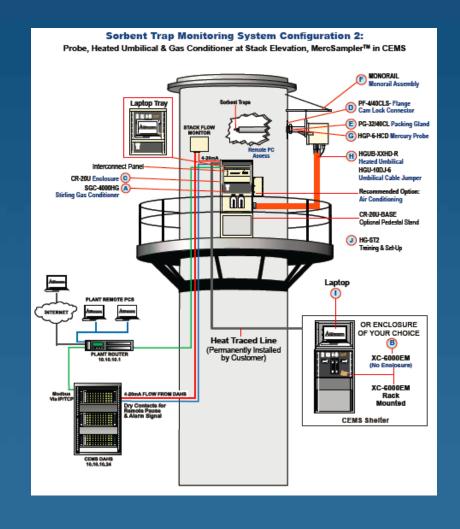
Typical XC-6000 Installation







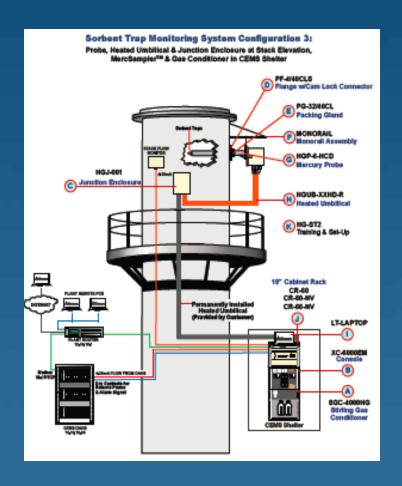
XC-6000 Configuration 2



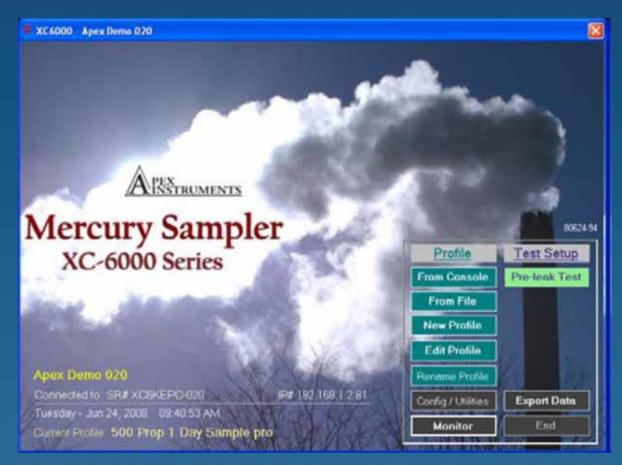




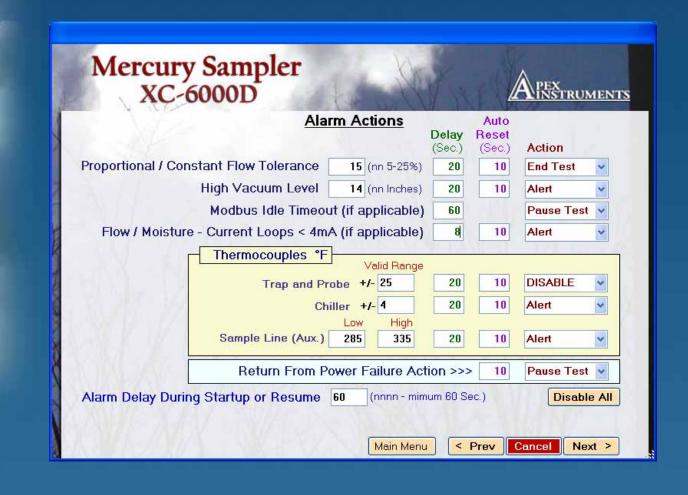
XC-6000 Configuration 3















Lessons Learnt

Field repairs & maintenance

Field replacement of DGM's

Acid gas scrubber sorbent replacement











QUESTIONS?

mzulpo@apexinst.com